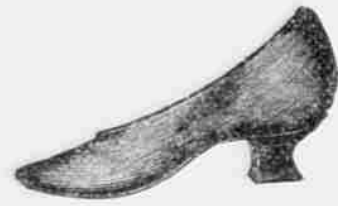


OUR EASTERN BUYERS

Are Continually Shipping Us Goods Bought at the Great Spring and Summer Clearing Now Being Made by Both Importers and Manufacturers, Hence the following unparalleled bargains. Remember We Pre-Pay Express Charges on all Goods where the Money Accompanies the Order, or Send Goods C. O. D. with the Privilege of Examination. All Uncut Goods not Satisfactory Can be returned at Our Expense.

SHOES.

Recent very extensive purchases of shoes is the cause of the following reduced price list. In ordering goods give size, lot, number and price without any description, and you get the exact style advertised.



Children's Shoes and Slippers.

Lot 6
1360—Children's Dongola, turned, button shoes, 1 to 5; price, \$1.25.
1412—Children's kid button, spring heel, machine sewed; sizes, 4 to 7; price, \$1.50.
1385—Children's Dongola, button, wedge heel; sizes, 8 to 10; price, \$1.75.
1349—Children's kid bronze, button, turned shoes; sizes, 4 to 7; price, \$1.50.
1344—Children's kid button, hand-turned shoes; sizes, 4 to 7; price, \$1.25.
1874—Children's kid opera slippers; sizes, 8 to 10; price, \$1.
1875—Children's kid spring heel, Oxford ties, sizes, 8 to 10; price, \$1.
1877—Children's kid Newport button slippers; sizes, 8 to 10; price, \$1.
1409—Infants' kid, Gola, ankle strap slippers; sizes, 1 to 5; price, \$1.50.
1846—Infants' French kid, ankle strap slippers; sizes, 1 to 5; price, 75c.

Ladies' Slippers.

Lot 6
1833—Ladies' kid turned opera slippers; sizes, 2 1/2 to 7; price, \$1.
1841—Ladies' kid four-button slippers; sizes, 2 1/2 to 6; price, \$1.50.
1874—Ladies' fine kid, hand-turned, four-button slippers; sizes, 2 1/2 to 7; price, \$1.75.
1872—Ladies' French kid, hand-turned, four-button slippers, common sense last; width, FF; sizes, 2 1/2 to 7; price, \$2.50.
1871—Ladies' French kid, hand-turned, four-button slippers, opera last; sizes, 2 1/2 to 6; price, \$2.50.
1853—Ladies' Dongola, hand turned, Oxford ties, common sense last; width, FF; sizes, 2 1/2 to 6; price, \$2.25.
1860—Ladies' kid hand-turned Oxford ties, opera last; sizes, 2 1/2 to 6; price, \$2.25.
1839—Ladies' kid turned Oxford ties; sizes, 2 1/2 to 6; price, \$1.50.
1857—Ladies' French kid, hand-turned Oxford ties, opera last; sizes, 2 to 6; price, \$3.50.
1866—Ladies' French kid hand-turned Oxford ties, opera last, sizes 1-5; price \$1.

HOSIERY.

Lot 4882 is infants' black silk hose, sizes 4 to 10, at 75c per pair.
Lot 4883 is infants' black silk hose, sizes 5 to 10, at 80c per pair.
Lot 4884 is infants' black silk hose, sizes 6 to 10, at 85c per pair.
Lot 4885 is infants' black silk hose, sizes 7 to 10, at 90c per pair.
Lot 4873 is infants' half hose in unbleached, black, dark and light shades, at 25c per pair.
Lot 4750 is an assorted lot of ladies' misses' and children's fine brilliant Lisle hose, which will be found in a basket on our bargain counter at 50c a pair, worth double the price.
Lot 4845 is ladies' unbleached Bal hose at 25c worth 40c.
Lot 4806 is a fresh arrival of ladies' fine brilliant Lisle thread hose, in black and all the new and attractive shades, at 50c, worth regular 75c.
Lot 4848 is Misses' ribbed cotton hose, sizes 6 to 10, in black, navy seal, garnet and cardinal at 25c, worth regular 50c.

Laces.

Lot 4893 is a new and elegant line of fine Torchon laces, from 1 to 4 inches wide, at 12 1/2c to 50c per yard.
Lot 4810 is 47 pieces white and ecru oriental lace 10 to 15 inches wide, reduced to 25c per yard, worth 50c.
Lot 4820 is an assorted lot of colored silk laces at half price.
Lot 4840 is an assorted lot of black, chantilly, Spanish guimpure, French and Escorial laces at half price.

Handkerchiefs.

Lot 48078 is 47 dozen lead-colored bordered handkerchiefs at 5c.
Lot 48261 is 43 dozen white and colored bordered linen hemstitched handkerchiefs at 10c.
Lot 48228 is 54 dozen white and colored bordered linen hemstitched handkerchiefs at 12 1/2c.
Lot 48230 is 67 dozen white and colored bordered linen hemstitched handkerchiefs at 15c.
Lot 48227 is 38 dozen white and colored bordered linen hemstitched handkerchiefs at 20c.
Lot 48203 is 11 dozen white and colored bordered linen hemstitched handkerchiefs at 25c.
In our handkerchief department can be found a great variety of white and fancy embroidered handkerchiefs from 40c to \$5 each.

Gloves and Mitts.

Lot 48013 is ladies' Jersey silk gloves, ten-button length, in black, opera and assorted shades, at \$1.
Lot 48007 is ladies' Jersey silk gloves, eight-button length, in black, opera and assorted shades, at 75c.

DRESS GOODS.

On Monday morning we shall offer bargains never before heard of. Look at the Following List:

C 7351. Our entire stock satens to close at 5c, 10c and 15c; regular price, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 25c and 35c.
C 7044. Fifty pieces 42-inch wide Oriental lace blouse, 4 1/2 yards; pieces at 65c per yard, worth \$1.
C 7055. Fifty pieces all-over Oriental lace at 75c, 85c, \$1 per yard; worth, \$1.25, \$1.50.

C 7016. Seventy-five pieces oriental lace, from three to twelve inches wide, to match all-over and dounce, at 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 20c and 25c.
C 7008. Fifteen pieces tontine all-over net at 60c, 75c, \$1 per yard; worth, \$1.25, \$1.50 per yard. Edge from three to five inches wide at 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c per yard to match.
C 6932. Ten pieces Valenciennes dounce, 42-inch wide in cream and ivory, at \$1.50 and \$2.00 per yard. With narrow to match at 20c and 25c per yard. These goods are just half price.

C 6908. Ten pieces costume net, 48-inch wide, the latest thing out, at \$1 per yard, in shades of cream, pink, ecru and baby blue. Just the thing for evening wear.
C 7025. Twenty-five pieces 42 inch Spanish guimpure lace blouse at \$2, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.25. This is a bargain none should miss.

C 7041. Fifteen pieces Spanish guimpure all-over lace at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.25, \$2.50 per yard. Just half price.
C 7021. Five pieces 42-inch Chantilly lace blouse at \$5, \$5.50, \$6. Very rare and stylish patterns, with narrow dounce to match in 5, 10 and 15-inch wide, at 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.25 per yard.

C 1781. Ten pieces Spanish guimpure lace all-over, in cream, at \$2, \$2.50, \$3, and \$3.50 per yard.

WHITE GOODS.

E 9440. Embroidered Swiss, red, white, cream, blue, black and polka dot, at 25c and 40c; reduced from 60c and 75c.
E 9508. Figured Etienne or French canvas cloth, another new lot just received, at 12 1/2c per yard. Send for samples before they are all gone. They are quick sellers.

E 9414. Ten pieces plain white and ecru lawn, with border to match, at 25c per yard; reduced from 40c, to close them out.
E 9435. Twenty-five pieces of plain and dotted Swiss in white and colors, at 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 40c and 50c; goods reduced to 7 1/2c, 10c, 12 1/2c, 20c and 25c per yard.
E 8094. Send for one of Taylor's combination suits, in white, blue and ecru, at \$8.50 per suit. Plain goods and embroidery to match.

E 11,000. French gingham with lace stripes at 25c per yard; plain, for combination suits to match at same price.
E 9867. Something new. Taylor's \$4.50 quilt combination suits. Just the style.

E 9551. Two cases checked nainsook at 35c, 40c, 10c, 12 1/2c and 15c.
E 9535. One case corded lawn in stripes and plaids at 10c and 12 1/2c.
E 9542. One case sateen stripes and bars at 10c and 15c.

E 11,009. One case sateen checks and bars at 15c; reduced from 25c. This is a bargain.
E 8501. Twenty combination gingham robes at \$2 per suit.
E 8507. Fifteen embroidered gingham robes, in boxes, at \$2.50 per robe.

E 9587. Plain white India lawn from 5c to 50c per yard.

Embroidery Founcings.

E 8098. Forty-two inch embroidered Swiss douncing, white embroidered in white, navy embroidered in white, ecru embroidered in ecru and white at \$1 per yard; 5 inch narrow to match at 15c.
E 8044. Great reduction in the higher grades of white embroidered douncings, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50, with narrow to match.

Printed Lawns.

E 8301. Two cases assorted colors at 5c, 7 1/2c and 10c per yard.
E 9358. Printed India linen, all shades and figures at 12 1/2c; former price, 20c.
E 9374. French Batiste at 12 1/2c and 15c per yard.
E 9373. Indigo Batiste at 20c per yard; worth 40c.

E 9379. Ten pieces left of that French crinkle lawn at 20c. Send for samples.

SHIRT SALE.

Our buyer has recently forwarded us some grand bargains in laundered and unlaundered shirts, and to-morrow we will commence a big shirt sale.

White Laundered Shirts.

Lot No. 5602. Gents' white, open back, cuffs and collars detached, 50c.
5216. Gents' white, open back, cuffs and collars detached, 75c.
5223. Gents' white, open back, cuffs and collars detached, \$1.
3886. Gents' white, open back, cuffs and collars detached, \$1.25.
551. Gents' white, open back, cuffs and collars detached, \$1.50.
536. Gents' white, open front, cuffs and collars detached, \$1.50.
8505. Gents' white, open front, shield bosom, cuffs and collars attached, \$1.
9014. Gents' white, open front, shield bosom, cuffs and collars attached, \$1.50.
8505. Gents' white, open front, plaited bosom, cuffs and collars detached, \$1.25.
1445. Gents' white, open front, plaited bosom, cuffs and collars detached, \$1.50.
8614. Bosoms 17 inches long, sizes 14 to 17 1/2, white, open front, plaited bosom, cuffs and collars detached, full dress, \$2.
8616. White, open front, plaited bosom, cuffs and collars detached, very stylish, \$2.50.
9002. Gents' white, open front, plaited bosom, cuffs and collars attached, \$1.75.
8519. Gents' white, open front, plaited bosom, cuffs and collars attached, \$2.

Fancy Colored Shirts.

552. Gents' French percale, open back, two collars, one standing and one folding, and one pair cuffs; former price \$2, at \$1.
8527. Gents' fancy French percale, open front, three collars, one standing and one folding, and one pair cuffs, \$1.
8522. Gents' fancy percale, open front, shield bosom, cuffs and collars attached, \$1.50.
8029. Gents' fancy percale, open front, plaited bosom, cuffs and collars attached, very fashionable, \$1.50.
3821. Gents' fancy stripe percale, open back, two collars and one pair cuffs with each shirt, \$1.50.
3815. Gents' fancy front, body of shirt made of New York mills muslin; the bosom, collar and cuffs are made of genuine French percale; one standing collar, two folding collars and one pair cuffs with each shirt; something new, \$1.50.
8541. Gents' blue seersucker, open front, 75c.
8556. Gents' blue seersucker, open front, \$1.
854. Gents' blue, fancy front; body made of seersucker, open front, collars attached, cuffs separate, 14 1/2 to 17, \$1.

SUIT SALE.



Another Big Deal in Spring Suits.

We offer 150 all wool nobby sack suits this week at \$8.50 and \$10.00 in Scotch and American chevrons and cassimeres. They fully equal any \$12.50 or \$15.00 suits in the market.

Every mother in Fort Worth should see our line of boys' knee pants suits in plaid blouse and Norfolk styles, in all wool spring chevrons, at \$4 and \$5.

Our tailor made suits for gent's and young men at \$15.00, \$17.50, \$20.00 and \$25.00, are the talk of the town.

Orders Promptly Filled and Forwarded on the Day Received.

WM. H. TAYLOR.

SUCCESSOR TO TAYLOR & BARR.

MAKING BIG GUNS.

An Engine of War Which Mr. Morse Will Give the Government—New Theory in Heavy Ordnance.

An Engineer, After Spending \$100,000 in Extensive Experiments, Says He Can Beat the Bethlehem Iron Works.

Philadelphia Press.
New York, May 25.—Cyrus B. Morse is the name of a mechanical engineer who is just now contemplating with something akin to ghoulish glee the satisfaction he will enjoy in demonstrating to the government at his own expense that they are throwing away money when they contract for cannon that will be both too massive and ineffective. Mr. Morse has reference to the recent awards by the War Department for guns. He is of the same family as the Morse of telegraph fame and takes deeper interest in his calling than is measured by financial results. He is almost seventy years of age, tall and spare, with full gray beard and sharp gray eyes that look out from behind a pair of glasses. His hair is long and almost white and falls carelessly on his coat. "I began studying metals," he said to me to-day, "when Seth Borden commenced making malleable iron nearly fifty years ago. I have spent over \$100,000 in making experiments, and I think that experience at that cost is worth something, don't you?"

"Well," continued he, "I propose to use this experience in making a cannon that I will make the government a present of. I don't want anything and I am not hunting for a government contract either. It will cost \$6000 or \$7000 to make the tube, but if nothing goes wrong I will have it completed in ninety days and I know that it will prove a success. I am going to Pittsburgh next week to see about the casting of my sample gun. If I cannot get facilities there I will have a plant of my own. I have now the option of a site in the natural gas belt near Pittsburgh and on the line of the Pennsylvania road. It is for a company that is being formed to manufacture steel as a commercial article alone. We will put up a big establishment as soon as we get organized. I am not afraid of gas giving out. Even if it should manufacturers would not go back to coal. I think they would manufacture their own fuel gas."

"How far have you gone, Mr. Morse?" I asked. "In the matter of the gun?"

"I have just received the plans and specifications from the Ordnance Department. You remember that the Bethlehem Iron Company were recently awarded contracts for making the new cannon. They can't make cannon in that establishment, though they say they will erect a suitable plant. It is significant that the contract is not signed and that nothing further has been done than the awarding of the bids."

COSTLY WASTE OF MATERIAL.
In elucidating his method of casting steel Mr. Morse explained that unseasoned iron of ingots by the present process

caused much trouble and the waste of a great deal of material. The causes operating to produce these effects are, first, want of free circulation of air in the mould, and the failure to ventilate the core for the escape of gases; second, the generation of gases in the form of bubbles solidifying, and third, the honeycombing by uneven contraction in cooling and the straining and separation varying the texture and creating minute cavities. His process is that of pouring the metal from the bottom around a core, permitting the metal to cool, thus forming, as he claims, a solid, compact hollowing out of uniform density and gravity.

"There was not a bid submitted to the government," continued Mr. Morse, "so far as I can learn, for a hollow casting for a cannon. They all proposed boring a solid ingot and then hooping it to the muzzle. Now, I didn't bid, because I had no plant for a gun foundry, but I am going to demonstrate that I can make a cannon that will contain less metal, cost less and be two-thirds more effective than the old system of boring ingots. I do not propose to 'hoop the muzzle' of any cannon that is turned out under my supervision."

"What kind of metal will you use?" I asked Mr. Morse. "Open-hearth steel," he answered. "It is the only thing fit to manufacture ordnance from. They made Damascus blades out of open-hearth steel, and no improvement has ever been made in them through hundreds of years, though there has been upon the furnace. Bessemer metal is worthless for cannon, though it is the best in the world for rails. The trouble is that it has no settled standing and you cannot count on it for density. That is the reason why it is worthless for ordnance. I have never made any cannon by this process, but I have an order on hand for a steel gun twenty feet long with two-inch bore. It is for the holders of the Lyman patent projectile, and they claim they can sink a vessel with the projectile from their gun nine miles at sea with the gun on a dead level line. Their patent is on the explosive and cartridges, while mine is on the material and in the method of making the weapon."

AN INTERESTING EXPERIMENT.

"Experiments were made at Creedmoor by the Lyman a year or so ago. They took three rifle barrels, joined them together, making one long tube. Then they loaded it with one of their cartridges and fired at a target composed of five thicknesses of 3-16 boiler-plate, and the ball, made of tool steel, pierced every plate."

"What is the size of the gun you propose presenting to the government?"

Mr. Morse drew a thick roll of paper from a drawer, and spreading it out on a table, said: "These specifications are for a gun seventeen feet six inches long; six-inch bore, shell two inches in diameter, with a hoop and jacket three inches in diameter. The dimensions in feet are six-inch bore, sixteen inches in diameter and eighteen feet long. The weight named in the government plans will be one-third more than my gun."

A BUILDING COLLAPSES.

An Old three Story Structure in St. Louis Tumbles Down.

St. Louis, Mo., May 30.—At 12:30 o'clock to-day a three-story brick building at No. 414 and 416 North Third street collapsed, and several men are supposed to be buried in the debris. The building was occupied by Fleish & Look, painters, and Bailey, Page & Co., sign and house painters. At the hour of the collapse most of the men were in the yard at the rear, it being noon. Several men were sitting in the windows watching others pass when the structure began to shake. One called out from the third floor: "The thing's coming down," but as the vibrations ceased they resumed their ease, supposing the cause of the shaking to be telegraph men walking over the roof. Temporary quiet had scarcely restored their confidence when a portion sagged inwardly and those in and near the windows made their escape by jumping. They hastened to the front of the building and found that the wreck had been more complete than in the rear, the whole face seemingly concentrating over the offices, pulling the walls inwardly. Firemen and police patrol quickly appeared and began the work of digging for those buried under the ruins, though the hanging walls threatened another crash. The men that made their escape are sure that there were several clerks and employees in the office. The building was very old, being among the few ancient structures still standing in this city. It has been vacant until recently.

Sirup of Figs

Manufactured only by the California Fig Sirup Company, San Francisco, Cal., is nature's own true laxative. It is the most easily taken and the most pleasantly effective remedy known to cleanse the system when bilious or constive; to dispel headaches, colds and fevers; to cure habitual constipation, indigestion, etc. For sale in 50 cents and \$1 bottles by King & Voigt, druggists, Fort Worth.

The Result of a Drunken Quarrel.

DECATUR, Mo., May 30.—William Keys was killed by Sam Campbell last night near St. Francis, Ark. The two men became involved in a drunken quarrel, and Campbell chased Keys into the river and struck him over the head with a stone, knocking Keys under the water and when he arose he hit him again. Keys rose no more.

A Constable Fatally Bent.

LINCOLN, NEB., May 30.—Constable Jacoby was at Mrs. Glenan's house last night to notify her to appear in court Monday. A short time afterward Mr. Glenan came in and a row ensued. The constable retreated, but Mr. Glenan pursued. He then grappled with his man, receiving at the time a terrible cut over the head with a club. Here the struggle for life commenced, which ended a mile from the house, about 3 o'clock in the

morning, after a long hours' fight. Jacoby's skull was fractured and his face beaten in. He will die. Glenan is badly hurt up, but not fatally injured. One of Glenan's children was struck by a rock thrown by him and will die.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children's teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea, 25 cents a bottle.

GOULD TOLD TOO MUCH.

The Generally Silent Jay in Trouble for Breaking His Rule.

New York Star.
Jay Gould and Russell Sage have the prospect of a suit for millions brought against them. The recent examination into the Pacific Railroad by the United States Pacific Railway Commission gave a good deal of light to several interest bond holders in Kansas Pacific stock. Prior to 1879 this road was burdened with a great variety of bonds, income bonds, first mortgage bonds, land bonds, and what not. To get things smoothed out a consolidated mortgage was agreed on, with Jay Gould and Russell Sage as trustees. In 1879 the consolidation of the Kansas Pacific and Union Pacific was projected.

By a little scheme worthy of their great minds, Gould, Sage and Dillon arranged that action should be brought to release 30,000 shares of Denver Pacific from the mortgage. The face value of the stock was \$130 a share. The action, court business, referee and decision were all rushed through in a week. Then the roads consolidated and Denver Pacific rapidly rose to par. Now the stockholders howl against the trio or the loss they have sustained. Frankfort and Amsterdam, where much of the stock was floated under the consolidated mortgage, are most interested. Their attorney is Mr. William H. DeLancey.

Looking Up an Old Grant.

Correspondence of the Gazette.
DEKALB, TEX., May 28.—Pursuant to a suggestion of the DeKalb Flag a meeting of citizens was held in this place this morning to take some action in reference to securing a grant of four leagues of land made by the Republic of Texas in January, 1839, for the erection of a college in DeKalb. A committee was appointed to select permanent trustees, and the meeting adjourned until Saturday next.

Colonel Bowers of the Flag is quite sanguine in his belief that the grant is still in force, and that the land will be secured.

Injection Z cures in 2 to 3 days. Injection Z will not cause stricture. Injection Z is safe and most reliable. Injection Z, full and complete. Injection Z at all first-class druggists.

A NEW DISCOVERY.

A New Method of Treatment of 1st Stage by Gaseous Enemata.

A new method for the treatment of phthisis (consumption) has recently been introduced, and is now in full and pronounced favor with the most noted physicians of the east. The gas is a mixture of carbon dioxide and hydrogen sulphide, two gases pure and completely deprived of admixture with atmospheric air. In their union, the carbon dioxide plays somewhat the part of an inert agent, and attenuates the irritant properties of the hydrogen sulphide.

The principle on which the treatment is based is that the disastrous results of pulmonary tuberculosis are due to septicemia set up by absorption of the noxious products of suppuration in alveolar lesions in contact with the atmospheric air; and that repeated prolonged inhalations of the suppurating surfaces with a safe antiseptic agent controls the suppuration and gives the lesions an opportunity to undergo cicatrization.

The experience is summarized as follows:
1. In nearly all cases lasting effects have been secured in the reduction of temperature, suppression of night-sweats, lessened cough and expectoration, and in some all physical signs of bronchitis, catarrh and emphysema.
2. Temporary reduction of pulse-rate from twenty to twenty beats, and temperature 4 to 1 during administration of the gas.
3. The amount of gas introduced into the bowel has varied from three quarts to a gallon at each injection. It has been introduced very slowly, from fifteen minutes to half an hour being demanded by the operation. The administration has been practiced in most cases twice in twenty-four hours.

4. Administration of the gas in different amounts and varying degrees of concentration is now being practiced, and also investigations into the characteristics of the sputa.
5. In only one of the cases of phthisis the effects of the gas have been entirely negative. (Occasionally it is not well borne, but this is very exceptional.)
6. In cases of phthisis complicated by intestinal lesions, experience is still insufficient to make it possible to state positive results.

AN AWFUL SOCIAL FLUTTER.

A New York Butler Who Removed Diamonds and Inserted Paste.

New York, May 26.—Theodore Hahr, the butler who has been stealing diamonds from society women who employed him and substituted paste, pleaded guilty in court to-day. This was the modus operandi as he described it: "I'm a watchmaker and diamond setter. I've earned as much as \$50 a week at it. I was out of work for several months, and I was for two days without anything to eat, when suddenly a thought struck me. Why not, whispered the tempter, engage yourself as butler with a family, and

Henry Pollack & Co. TRUNK FACTORY.

Fine Goods a specialty Trunks and Cases MADE TO ORDER.

722 Elm Street, DALLAS, TEX.

JAMES W. SWAYNE, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office over First National Bank, Fort Worth.

When my lady goes out for a matinee or ride substitute paste for diamonds in her jewelry. It struck me as a very clever idea. I engaged myself with a family in Brooklyn, and, while my lady was at supper, I sneaked up stairs and substituted paste for the diamonds. It was very easy; all I did was to loosen the setting of jewelry, take out the diamond, substitute the paste and squeeze the setting together again. I never remained longer than three weeks in one place. It would take one week to find out where jewelry was located. I've been in twenty houses as butler. The butler in Edward L. Knowlton's family, at 91 Remson street, Brooklyn, read an account of Hahr's arrest and informed Mr. Knowlton that Hahr had once been in his employ. Mr. Knowlton examined his diamonds and discovered that the diamonds had been taken out of his studs, a pair of earrings and a pin, and paste substituted. The diamonds were worth \$300. Though Hahr left Mr. Knowlton's employ on October 16, the larceny was not discovered, and would probably never have been but for Hahr's arrest. Knowlton recovered his diamonds.

Priestly Ash Bitters is an unfailing cure for all diseases originating in bilious derangements caused by the action of miasmatic causes. No other medicine now on sale will so effectually remove the disturbing elements and at the same time tone up the whole system. It is sure and safe in its action.

Weekly Excursion to Galveston via Houston and Texas Central Railway. Commencing Saturday, June 4, the Houston and Texas Central Railway Company will sell excursion tickets to Galveston for \$5. Holders of these tickets must leave Galveston on return trip not later than 7:25 a. m. Tuesday following date of sale. Call at office, 408 Main street, for information and tickets.

An old colored preacher, after exhorting himself on an attempt to describe heaven, wound up thus: "I tell you, my brethren, it is a very Kentucky of a place."

The Garfield monument at Cleveland, Ohio, will not be completed for two years more.

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL BROKERS.

All parties wishing to buy or sell property will find it to their interest to call on or correspond with us. Prompt and careful attention given to all transactions entrusted us. We especially invite visitors to the city to call at our office, where any information relative to the trade will be cheerfully given them. Our office is furnished with desks and writing materials, which we invite visitors to call and use.

PRICE & BURBRIDGE.

City Property and Ranch Lands Bought and Sold on Commission.

CORNER FOURTH AND HOUSTON STS.